Nutrition

The key to sugar is to balance energy inputs (what we eat) with outputs (the energy we use) while understanding nutrition (what is good for us).

Sugar has half the calories of fat. 1 teaspoon of sugar contains 20 calories whereas 1 teaspoon of fat contains 45 calories.

The energy you put into your body needs to be balanced with the energy you use up. Physical activity, such as football, will help to keep your body balanced.



Sugar is our most precious crop that provides energy and so much more!

sugar, icing sugar and molasses.

fructose, sucrose and glucose.

Facts

is good for easy and fast absorption into your body. Sugar gives body cells energy to produce Sugar is also stored as glycogen in it uses the glycogen to produce energy. Once your body has stored enough o glycogen, the rest is turned into fat. It's important to get the balance right to ensure you have enough energy for your activities and are not over-storing sugar supplies. Other

includes breads, cereals, fruit, rice,

Technology

World class research & development

What if you could grow cane with less water, fertiliser and chemicals? Australia is investing heavily in this research and development program, advances have been made in cane production and many of our programs are considered world class and an example to other Australians and international industries.

Sugar is one of Australia's most important rural industries, worth around \$1.5 - \$2.5 billion to the Australian economy. Sugarcane farmers grow 32 - 35 million tonnes of cane per year, which when processed, equates to around 4.5 - 5 million tonnes of sugar.

potatoes and pastas.

Around 80% of Australia's sugarcane is exported as sugar overseas which is good for Australia's economy.



